

Dyersburg Police Department 2018 Annual Report



**AN INTERNATIONALLY ACCREDITED LAW ENFORCEMENT
AGENCY**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

A MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF/MISSION STATEMENT	3-4
DEPARTMENT ORGANIZATION.....	5
COMMAND STAFF & FUNCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES.....	6
BUDGET OVERVIEW.....	7
LAW ENFORCEMENT ACCREDITATION.....	8
TRAFFIC STATS.....	9
DEPARTMENT PERSONNEL OVERVIEW.....	10
RISK MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS.....	11-19
13 YEAR RESPONSE TO RESISTANCE STUDY.....	20
NEW PROJECTS AND INITIATIVES.....	21-27
TBI YEARLY CRIME STATISTICS.....	28-29

“WE EXIST TO SERVE THE COMMUNITY”

<http://www.dyersburgtn.gov/police>

A MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF

I am pleased to submit the 2018 Annual Report. 2018 brought some changes with the implementation of new programs that enables us to deliver the highest level of professional police service. These programs include our commitment to address the mental illness crisis across the Nation, and within our community, by taking the pledge to partner with The International Association of Chiefs of Police "One Mind Campaign".

"The One Mind Campaign seeks to ensure successful interactions between police officers and persons affected by mental illness. The initiative focuses on uniting local communities, public safety organizations, and mental health organizations so that the three become of one mind."

<https://www.theiacp.org/projects/one-mind-campaign>

The next program we have instituted is the "Community Changer Program". This is an initiative we created here in Dyersburg that has three simple, basic, core principles:

- Civility
- Community Policing, and
- Mentoring.

Community Policing has received a total makeover beginning with our newly focused community policing team that is dedicated to aid both our officers and citizens in building relationships and partnerships with our community. As a part of our renewed emphasis the department added a new police mascot, "SARGE", to assist in Community Outreach and to promote positive interactions with our younger citizens. "SARGE" has quickly become very popular within the community and is the "face" of the department's community outreach program.

We are very fortunate to be supported by the community that we serve, and strive to continue making our city a safe and great place to work and live. We feel that it is important to have full transparency in all that we do serving the public, and this report reflects what your police department is doing within our community.

I am also excited that 2019 will add another layer of transparency as we have implemented police body cameras. The Dyersburg Police Department is here to serve you, and we want to hear from you, and I encourage everyone to stay connected and informed about your police department by visiting our Facebook page.

Lastly, the success of the department lies with the men and women who serve our community selflessly with great bravery, honor, and integrity. Without fail, our police officers accept the challenges of working in law enforcement and do it well. I am very proud of the work that our men and women do each and every day, and it is an honor to work with such a dedicated team.

Chief of Police Steven L. Isbell



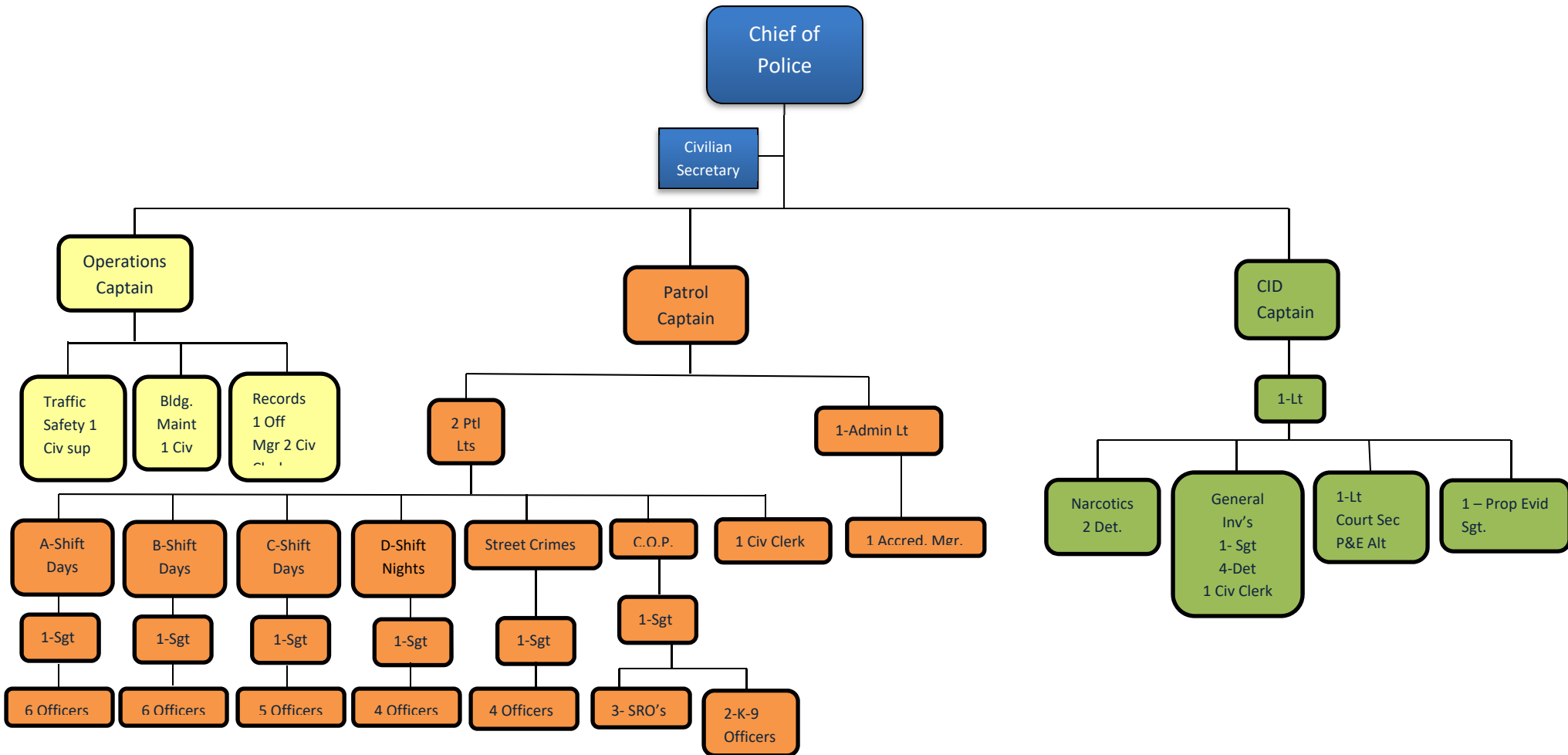
MISSION STATEMENT

The Dyersburg Police Department exists to serve the community by protecting life and property; by preventing crime; and by maintaining order for all citizens. Central to our mission are the values that guide our work and decisions and help us contribute to the quality of life in Dyersburg. Our values are characteristic of worth and are non-negotiable. Although we may need to balance them, we will never ignore them for the sake of expediency or personal preference. We hold our values constantly before us to teach and remind us and the community we serve, of our ideals. They are the foundation upon which our policies, goals, and operations are built. In fulfilling our mission, we need the support of all citizens, as well as our elected representatives and city officials to provide the quality of service our values commit us to provide.



Department Organizational Chart

March 2019



58 Officers
8 Civilians
4 Recruits in Training

Command Staff

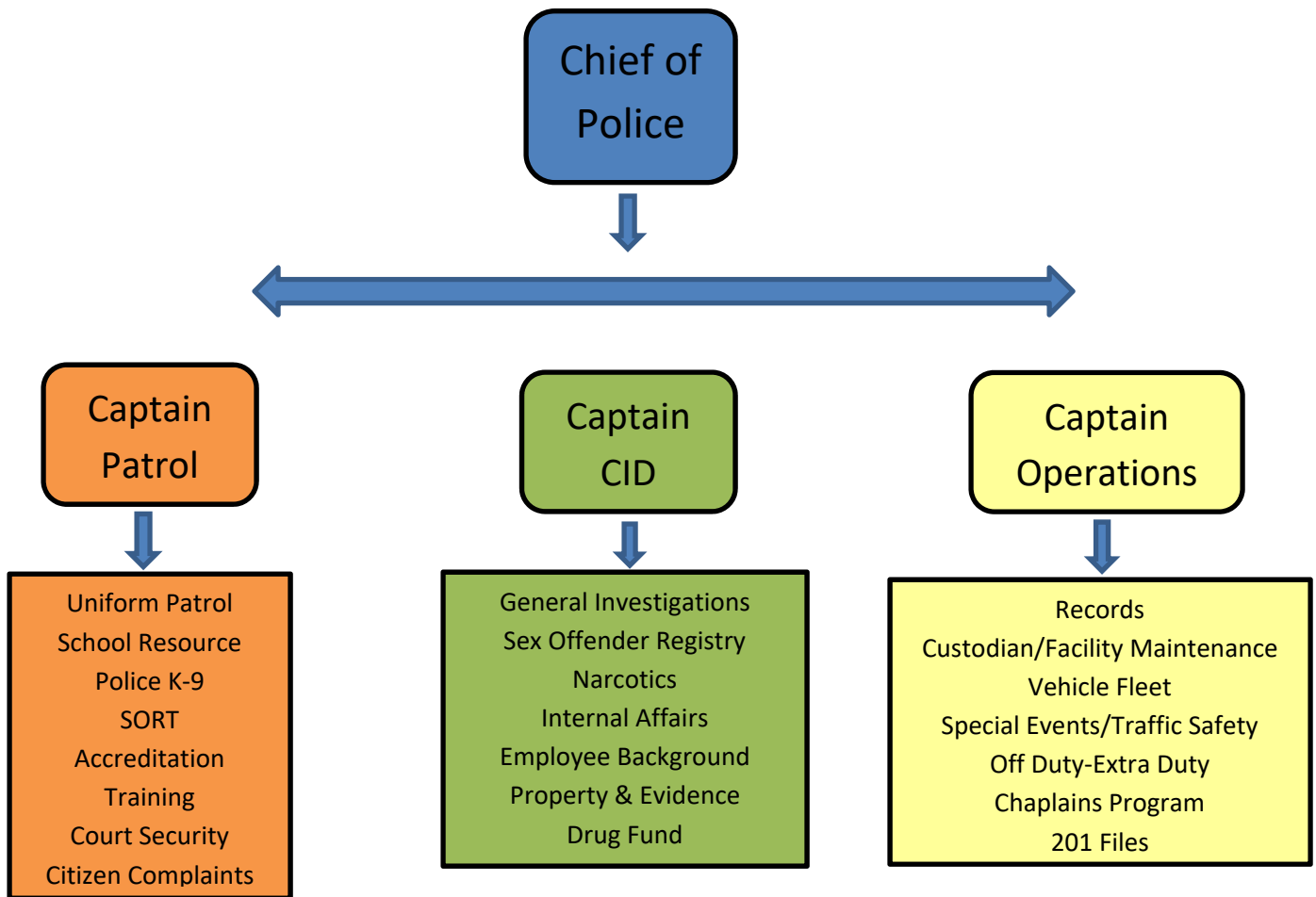
Chief of Police - Chief Steven Isbell

Operations Commander - Captain Roger Dudley

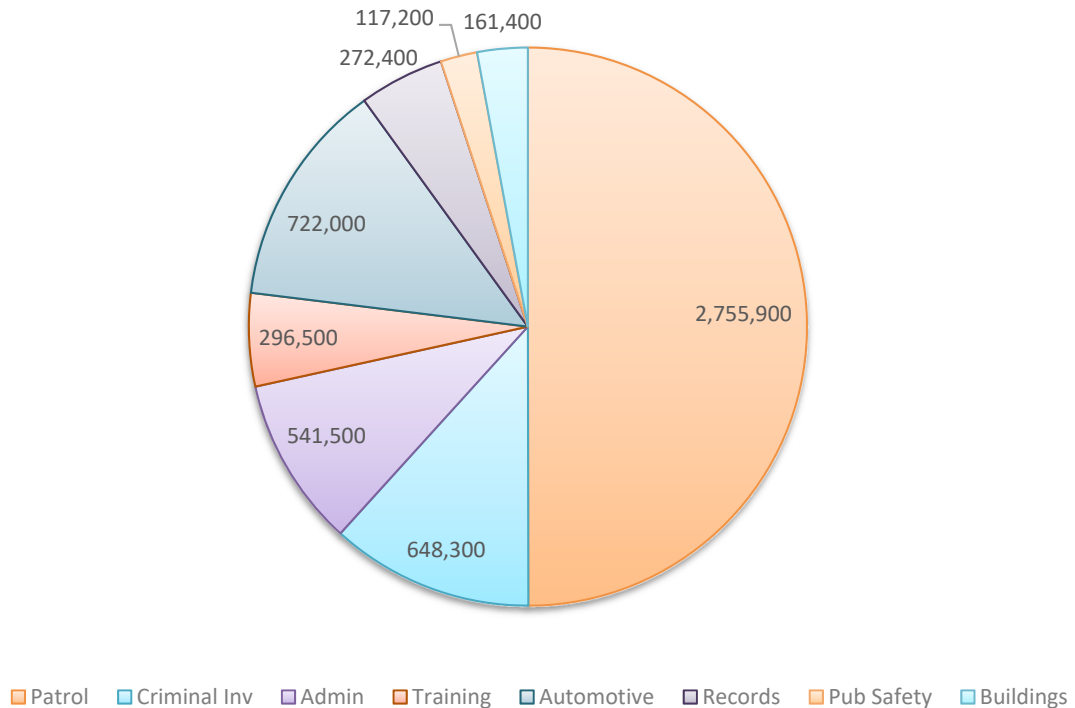
Criminal Investigations Commander - Captain Billy Williams

Patrol Commander - Captain Thomas Langford

Functional Responsibilities Chart



2018-2019 DPD Budget



Of the total \$5.9 Million Dollar annual department operating budget, Employee Salaries and Benefits accounts for 65% of the budget.

Patrol - Equipment and operating supplies to maintain 41 commissioned officers that provide 24/7 coverage to the corporate limits of the city.

Criminal Investigations - Equipment and operating supplies to maintain 12 commissioned officers that includes Detectives and Narcotic Detectives that investigate and follow up on all criminal cases.

Administration – Included in this budget are contractual agreements, random drug testing for new hires and ongoing testing for employees, & electronic connection services for department hardware and equipment.

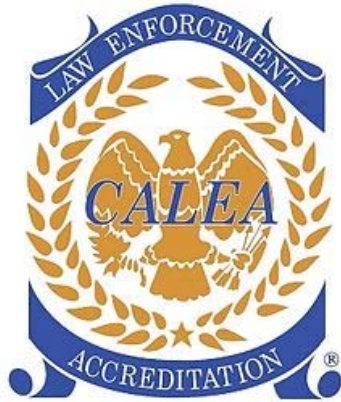
Training- To provide travel expenses for officers to attend various training conferences and specialized schools. Included also are 4 commissioned officers for training, property & evidence & professional standards.

Automotive- The department has a fleet of vehicles that includes 38 marked police vehicles, 18 unmarked police vehicles and 6 specialty vehicles. Provides for constant regular maintenance and upkeep.

Records- The department maintains a secure internet computer system that includes 3 different sites. The network contains some 30+ desktop and laptop workstations for our records management system.

Public Safety- The department has 14 traffic safety personnel that work daily at school zones & special events.

Buildings- Includes upkeep and maintenance on 4 department buildings and furnishings.



In September of 2014 the Dyersburg Police Department renewed their relationship and membership with Commission of Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies (CALEA), and received the award for Advanced Accreditation (Tier 2) in November of 2015. This enabled the Dyersburg Police Department to become one of the first agencies internationally to embark upon the re-designed 4 year accreditation cycle. This cycle improves the agency’s compliance with the standards and ensures that policies are up to date with the latest trends, goals, objectives, techniques, and training available. Annually, the Dyersburg Police Department undergoes a remote assessment from CALEA Customer Service Members (CSM) wherein a random sampling of 25% of the standards and agency proofing (policies, reports, photos, videos, training logs, etc.) are selected for intense review by the CSM. Our “physical” on-site is scheduled for 2019, and our agency will be one of the first to have this done. We are proud to be a member of such an elite group of organizations as only approximately 5% of the nations police agencies are internationally accredited by CALEA.

The Dyersburg Police Department was the 4th agency within the State of Tennessee to achieve the newly minted Tennessee Law Enforcement Accreditation (TLEA) award in 2010. Since that time we have received our third award from the Tennessee Association of Chiefs of Police Professional Standards Committee. As a member of TLEA the agency undergoes a separate on-site review of standards every three years by a team of TLEA Assessors.

The CALEA and TLEA on-sites involve a tour of the department, meetings with the Chief of Police and the Command Staff, interviews of individual officers and trainers, file reviews and confirmation of performance through ride-a-longs with random officers of the assessors choosing, public call-in sessions, and a public hearing wherein members of the public are invited to come forward and offer their opinions & experiences with the Dyersburg Police Department. Once that has been conducted the agency heads and the accreditation manager attend a conference where they are questioned in a public forum by members of the commission and judged as to whether we have achieved the status of accreditation or not. Once that is achieved the entire cycle begins again, ensuring that the agency is always at the forefront of law enforcement.

2018 Traffic Statistics

Top 5

Crash Locations in the City

1. 51 Bypass @ Lake Road
2. Lake Road @ Mall Blvd.
3. 51 Bypass @ Parr Ave.
4. St. John @ 51 Bypass
5. Mall Blvd. @ Mall Loop

The Department made 63 DUI Arrests in 2018 compared to 48 in 2017.

There were 737 Crashes Investigated in 2018 compared to 801 in 2017.

There were 0 Fatal Crashes in the City in 2018 compared to 1 in 2017.

2018 Crashes by Month

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
49	50	54	80	71	67	55	55	61	66	74	66

2018 DUI Arrests by Month

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
3	5	3	8	7	4	3	6	6	7	5	6

Department Personnel Overview

Years of Service	Commissioned	Civilian
0-1 year	9	1
1-5 years	17	1
5-10 years	7	1
10-15 years	3	1
15-20 years	3	1
20-25 years	7	3
25-30 years	6	0
30+ years	6	0

Authorized Strength of the Dyersburg Police Department is 58 Commissioned Officers & 8 Civilian Support Staff

Age of Employee	Commissioned	Civilian
20-25	9	0
25-30	9	0
30-35	11	2
35-40	5	0
40-45	5	0
45-50	7	3
50-55	5	0
55-60	3	1
60+	4	2

Dyersburg Police Department

Training



Risk Management Analysis

2018

Prepared by:

Ptl. Dustin Holley

Use of Force Instructor

Dyersburg Police Department

Introduction

During the calendar year of 2018, officers of the Dyersburg Police Department responded to a total of 24,705 calls for police service. Of these calls, there were a total number of 2,361 arrests made. Of the 2,361 arrests, 2,185 were Adults and 176 were Juveniles.

The Dyersburg Police Department had a total of 83 force encounters reported in 2018, wherein officers responded to the demonstrated resistance of a subject and had to use some type of physical force to overcome the resistance. Of these resistant offenders arrested by the Dyersburg Police Department in 2018, 7 were juveniles and 76 were adults.

A close analysis of Use of Force Incidents in 2018 indicated the following:

Physical Force:

Use of physical force (soft hand, hard hand, impact weapon) utilized in the response to resistance incidents are at 66 for 2018. This shows an 8% decrease from 2017 that showed 72 incidents. It has been recorded that officers are still going “hands on” with resistant subjects as often in 2018 as the previous year. This demonstrates that officers are still confident in using physical force when it is reasonable to do so. The decrease also demonstrates that officers are continuing to apply their training in de-escalation practices. Officers are trained to use physical force quickly and safely to maintain control of resistant subjects, without having to substantially increase the level of force required to overcome the demonstrated active resistance. The key to successful field use of physical force is high quality, ongoing training. With the continued incorporation of de-escalation techniques and tactics provided by the department through training, officers are able to combine these two techniques and use them more effectively.

As a result of all physical force utilized by members of the Dyersburg Police Department in 2018, there are only two incidents that caused an injury to a suspect. On one occasion, a joint lock was applied on a male juvenile after the juvenile actively resisted arrest. The juvenile complained of shoulder pain but later stated that he was okay and did not need medical treatment. The second one was an intoxicated subject who evaded officers. Officers later found the subject standing in a parking lot and the subject became combative as officers approached him. The subject began to fight multiple officers and repeatedly spit in their faces. The subject had cut himself with his own knife and tried to wipe blood on the officers as they arrived on scene. The subject was struck in the face multiple times due to him not letting go of an officer’s vest. The subject was taken to the hospital due to excessive amounts of blood being on his body and clothing. The subject was found to have a blood born pathogen know as hepatitis C. This is the reason the subject was spitting on officers and trying to get blood on them. All officers were tested for the blood born pathogen and the results were negative.

These results show that officers are using the right amount of force and know when to disengage with the subject to prevent injury.

Defensive Impact Weapon (Expandable Baton)

There have been no reported instances where the ASP Baton has been used to subdue a resistant suspect.

Taser CEW (Conducted Energy Weapon):

The use of the Taser CEW has increased by 89% in 2018. There was a total of 17 Taser CEW deployments in 2018 compared to the 9 deployments in 2017.

Of the 17 Taser deployments in 2018, 14 were reported as having been effective deployments. There were 3 deployments that were ineffective and all were due to a clothing disconnect. Disconnect in a field deployment happens more often than is realized. In two of the disconnects the officers were able to quickly

transition to another form of force, and gain control of the resistant subject. On the third incident, the subject was able to flee from officers because of the disconnect but was later taken into custody.

There were no Taser deployments that resulted in an injury.

There were no reported Taser CEW deployments in which officers energized the suspect more than once. Statistics show that officers are utilizing their skills and training, while escalating and de-escalating their force options, appropriately. During recertification on the Taser CEW in 2018 poor targeting was observed in very few cases. In these few instances the deficiencies were corrected accordingly, and the officers achieved the accuracy requirements.

Overall, officers have made excellent force decisions when the Taser has been applied, but statistically are not over-reliant on the Taser CEW.

Pursuits:

In 2018 there were no vehicle pursuits.

Chemical Agent:

2018 showed a 21% decrease in the use of chemical agents compared to the 2017 reported uses. There were no injuries to suspects as a direct use of the chemical agent. Of the 15 incidents that the chemical agent was utilized as a force option, officers were able to decontaminate all of the suspects either on scene, or upon arrival at the correctional facility with the aid of correctional officers.

There were no reported instances of the chemical agent being ineffective. There were only three instances of third-party contamination (an officer).

As a result of these numbers and receiving input from line officers (end users) of the currently issued chemical agent (Freeze +P), all are pleased with the product and its performance in the field. It is recommended that we stay with this product for the long term. A 100% success rate for the 3rd year in a row with this product supports this recommendation. Due to the contamination area of Freeze +P chemical agent the Dyersburg Police Department's SRO Division (School Resource Officer) were all issued a new chemical agent (Punch III). The agent is a foam that sprays in a stream with little contamination area. The agent was developed for indoor use due to its low contamination area. This makes it the perfect product to be used in the schools, as not to affect a wide area and cause an SRO to shut down a part of the school like Freeze +P has done in the past.

Weapons:

There were no weapon deployments in 2018.

Table 1
Uses of Physical Force

Physical Force	
Soft Hand (joint locks, takedowns, pushing/pulling)	66
Hard Hand (striking techniques)	8
Baton (strikes with a baton)	0
Total Types of Physical Force	74

**These numbers reflect the various types of force utilized during a force encounter and not a separate event. (e.g. one arrest where force was used on a resisting subject may include a soft hand technique, and a baton strike; this would be two "types of force" used during one encounter".*

Table 2
2018 Taser CEW statistics

Taser CEW Deployments			
Total CEW Deployments	Total Effective Deployments	Total Ineffective Deployments	Total Injured as a Result of Deployments
17	14	3	0

Table 3
2018 Pursuits

Police Pursuits		
Reason Initiated	Misdemeanor –	Felony -
	0	0
Pursuits resulting in MVA	0	0
DPD units involved in MVA	0	0
Suspect Injuries from MVA	0	0
Officer Injuries from MVA	0	0
3rd Party Injuries	0	0
Average Duration of Pursuit	0 minute	0
Apprehensions	0	0
Escapes	0	0

Table 4
Chemical Agent Use

Chemical Agent Use	
Total Reports	15
Effective	15
Ineffective	0
Decontaminations	15
3rd Party Contaminations	3
Injury to Suspect	0
Deaths	0

Table 5
Weapon Use

Weapons Use	
Total Reports	0
Suspects with Weapon	0
Discharges	0
Injuries to Suspects	0
Injuries to Officers	0
Injuries to 3rd Parties	0
Deaths	0

2018 Demographic Data of Force Encounters When Responding to Resistance:

Listed below are the results of the 2018 Demographic Data for Use of Force Encounters with Resistant Subjects:

White Males (35% of Force Encounters):

Resistant subjects for this category increased from the total of 25 in 2017 to a total of 27 in 2018. This is an increase of 8% from the previous year

Black Males (35% of Force Encounters):

Resistant subjects for this category increased from 20 in 2017 to 27 in 2018. This is an increase of 35% from the previous year.

White Females (8% of Force Encounters):

Resistant subjects for this category decreased from 20 in 2017 to 7 in 2018. This is a decrease of 65% from the previous year.

Black Females (14% of Force Encounters):

Resistant subjects for this category increased from 5 in 2017 to 12 in 2018. This is an increase of 140% from the previous year.

White Male Juvenile (1% of Force Encounters):

Resistant subjects for this category decreased from the total of 3 in 2017 to a total of 1 in 2018. This is a decrease of 67% from the previous year.

Black Male Juvenile (1% of Force Encounters):

Resistant subjects for this category decreased from the total of 7 in 2017 to a total of 1 in 2018. This is a decrease of 86% from the previous year.

White Female Juvenile (1% of Force Encounters):

Resistant subjects for this category stayed the same from the total of 1 in 2017 to a total of 1 in 2018.

Black Female Juvenile (4% of Force Encounters):

Resistant subjects for this category increased from the total of 2 in 2017 to a total 4 in 2018. This is an increase of 100% from the previous year.

Hispanic Male (3% of Use of Force Encounters):

Resistant subjects for this category increased from the total of 0 in 2017 to a total of 3 in 2018. This is an increase of 300% from the previous year.

Table 6: 2018 Suspect Race and Gender of Resistant Subjects – Juvenile

Suspect Race & Gender of Resistant Subjects - Juvenile				
	Male	Female	Other	Unknown
White	1	1		
Black	1	4		
Hispanic	0	0		
Asian	0	0		
Other	0	0		

Table 7: 2018 Suspect Race and Gender of Resistant Subjects – Adult

Suspect Race & Gender of Resistant Subjects - Adult				
	Male	Female	Other	Unknown
White	27	7		
Black	27	12		
Hispanic	3	0		
Asian	0	0		
Other	0	0		

Table 8: Injury to Officers

Injury to Officers During Force Encounter		
	Male	Female
White	4	0
Black	4	0
Hispanic	0	0
Asian	0	0
Other	0	0

Table 9: Injury to Suspects

Injury to Suspects During Force Encounter		
	Male	Female
White	1	0
Black	2	0
Hispanic	1	0
Asian	0	0
Other	0	0

Commentary:

In conclusion, I have found that the officers of the Dyersburg Police Department, as a whole, operate in a professional and ethical manner when it relates to force encounters and all field contacts.

This analysis does show an increase in force encounters compared to the 2017 statistics. What it does not measure is the number of experienced officers the Dyersburg Police Department had in 2018 compared to 2017. Out of the 33 patrolman that were employed with Dyersburg Police Department in 2018, only 10 officers had more than 5 years of experience with our department. Even with the lack of experienced officers, the Dyersburg Police Department's high-quality training in high risk areas such as firearms, response to resistance, and de-escalation techniques, and pursuits have helped to bridge this gap.

Officers have always been trained to attempt to diffuse situations when possible and our Response to Resistance Model and Policy incorporate this methodology into our training and development. With a renewed focus on dealing with conflicts, the Dyersburg Police Department has instituted a more formalized de-escalation training program to develop the techniques and tactics a professional officer needs to manage conflicts when they arise. When that is not possible and the officers are met with continuous resistance, then the officers of the Dyersburg Police Department are taught to follow constitutional law as it regards to the 4th Amendment of the United States Constitution. For Recruit Officers, this is followed by a reinforcement in these areas during the Field Training and Evaluation Program by the Field Training Officers, and then continued training at the Tennessee Law Enforcement Training Academy. All officers of the Dyersburg Police Department complete annual in-service training that features these high liability areas as cornerstones of their continuing education.

It is recommended that ongoing training in Officer Survival Tactics, Emergency Vehicle Operations, Firearms, De-Escalation Tactics, and Response to Resistance continue to take precedence over other areas as these are the most dangerous, dynamic, and high liability areas that are faced by our officers.

Continued Education on the policy should overcome some of the errors that have been made. It is recommended that we continue our training protocols and add quarterly or biannual training in the areas of perishable skill sets.

Respectfully,


Ptl. Dustin H. Holley
Use of Force Instructor
Dyersburg Police Department

Dyersburg Police Department

Response to Resistance

13 Year Analysis (2005-2018)

Sworn Personnel	White		Black		Hispanic/Latino any race		Other		Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Firearm Discharge	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
• Number of Suspects Receiving Non-Fatal Injuries from Firearms	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
• Number of Suspects Receiving Fatal Injuries from Firearms	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Pursuits	20	3	27	3	0	0	3	0	56
CEW Deployment	75	8	83	9	1	0	0	0	176
Baton	21	0	27	0	0	0	0	0	48
Chemical /OC	143	38	126	26	0	0	2	0	335
Weaponless	320	106	299	84	10	0	2	0	821
Total Use of Force Incidents	585	155	562	122	11	0	7	0	1,442

Total Number of Incidents Resulting in Officer Injury or Death During Force Encounters	33 injured 0 Deaths	
Total Number of Incidents Resulting in Suspect Injury or Death During Force Encounters	62 Injured 2 Deaths	
Total Number of Calls	394,407	
Total Use of Force Arrests	1,228	
Total Use of Force Complaints	3	

- One Use of Force Arrest may include a variety of officer response tactics (CEW, Pursuit, Firearm, Baton, OC, Weaponless) and therefore, may reflect a different numeric total than the Use of Force Incident itself.
- For accurate statistical purposes the use of a firearm on an attacking animal IS NOT added into the totals. However, it has been noted when it has occurred, and the DPD does track them annually as part of the Personnel Early Warning System.
- Of the 394,407 Calls for service over the 13-year period only 10.59% resulted in an arrest.
- Of the 41,792 custodial arrests made over the same 13-year period officers used force only 2.94% of the time.
- There have been 6 instances of a sworn officer firing their weapon in self-defense to ward off attacking animals. These resulted in the destruction of 4 animals and the wounding of 2 others. These 6 instances are not tracked statistically yet they still face the same rigorous review and tracking process.

Data Collection Period: 2005 to 2018

New projects coming for 2019

The **One Mind Campaign** seeks to ensure successful interactions between police officers and persons affected by mental illness. The initiative focuses on uniting local communities, public safety organizations, and mental health organizations so that the three become "of one mind." To join the campaign, law enforcement agencies must pledge to implement four promising practices over a 12 to 36-month time frame. These practices include: establishing a clearly defined and sustainable partnership with a community mental health organization, developing a model policy to implement police response to persons affected by mental illness, training and certifying sworn officers and selected non-sworn staff in mental health first aid training or other equivalent mental health awareness course, and providing crisis intervention team training. As of the time of this report Dyersburg Police Department is 1 of 4 agencies in the state of Tennessee who have adopted this campaign.



New Initiatives in 2018

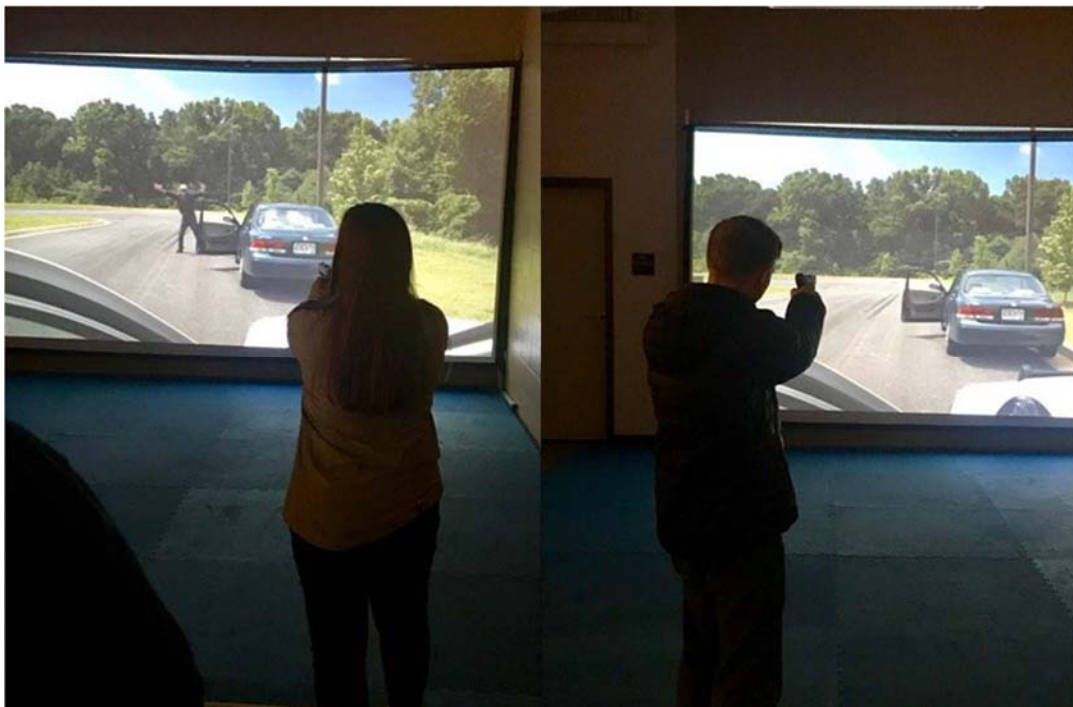
The Dyersburg Police Department has started a Community Oriented Policing Division (COP) in 2018. It is made up of a sergeant and an officer. The COP unit goes out into the community to better the relationships in the community. The unit utilizes SARGE to better the relationships with the younger citizens. The team has done many events throughout the year.

The Dyersburg Police Department also has two new qualified K9's that have joined the force. K9 Drago and K9 Axel have completed all of their necessary training. They are currently working with their partners continuing to train.

The Dyersburg Police Department also purchased Firearms Training Simulator (FATS) that allows our training staff to reinforce marksmanship performance under stress, but to evaluate the officer's decision-making process during training. This maximizes our ability to train these skills in a "low-risk/high-reward" environment. Meaning that our officers can obtain high-quality training that affects their performance in the field without the risk of physical injury that may accompany force on force training.













Dyersburg Police Department- NIBRS Agency Crime Overview- 2018

Population Estimate		N/A		Offenses (*)		Arrests (**)	
Offense Overview		Group A Offenses		Reported	Cleared	Adult	Juvenile
Offense Total		2,589		Crimes Against Persons			
Number Cleared	1,129	Murder		0	0	0	0
Percent Cleared	43.61%	Negligent Manslaughter		0	0	0	0
Group A Crimes per 100,000 population	N/A	Negligent Vehicular Manslaughter		0	0	0	0
Arrest Overview		Kidnapping/Abduction		15	13	7	0
Total Arrests	2,077	Forcible Rape		7	4	3	1
Adult Arrests	1,926	Forcible Sodomy		0	0	0	0
Juvenile Arrests	151	Sexual Assault W/ Object		0	0	0	0
Unknown Age	0	Forcible Fondling		9	2	2	0
Arrests per 100,000 population	N/A	Incest		0	0	0	0
Average number offenses/incident	1.18	Statuary Rape		4	3	3	0
Domestic Violence Victims		Aggravated Assault		181	106	67	6
Offense	Reported	Cleared	Simple Assault	429	206	158	23
Murder	0	0	Intimidation	72	16	10	1
Aggravated Assault	55	45	Stalking	16	5	4	0
Simple Assault	214	126	Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	13	6	Involuntary Servitude	0	0	0	0
Stalking	9	4	Crimes Against Property				
Forcible Rape	1	1	Arson	0	0	0	0
Forcible Sodomy	0	0	Bribery	0	0	0	0
Sex Aslt. W/ Obj	0	0	Burglary	215	33	24	2
Forcible Fondling	1	0	Counterfeiting/Forgery	74	28	22	2
Incest	0	0	Destruction/Damage/Vandalism	257	61	35	5
Statutory Rape	0	0	Embezzlement	14	6	6	0
Kidnapping/Abduction	12	10	Extortion/Blackmail	0	0	0	0
Commercial Sex Acts	0	0	Fraud-False Pretenses	51	5	4	0
Involuntary Servitude	0	0	Fraud-Credit Card/ATM	27	4	2	0
Total	305	192	Fraud-Impersonation	42	31	20	0
Group B Arrests		Fraud-Welfare		0	0	0	0
Offense	Adult	Juv.	Fraud-Wire	0	0	0	0
Bad Checks	0	0	Fraud- Identity Theft	0	0	0	0
Curfew/Vagrancy	0	4	Fraud-Computer Hacking/Invasion	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	31	28	Robbery	16	10	11	3
DUI	70	0	Theft-Pocket-picking	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness	110	1	Theft-Purse Snatching	1	0	0	0
Family-Non Violent	2	0	Theft-Shoplifting	235	150	155	11
Liquor Law Violations	15	0	Theft from Building	134	22	12	2
Peeping Tom	0	0	Theft from Coin Machine	2	0	0	0
Runaway	0	0	Theft from Motor Vehicle	138	17	16	0
Trespass	55	5	Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	41	1	0	0
All Other Offenses	806	36	Theft- All Other Larceny	124	16	17	5
Total Group B	1,089	74	Motor Vehicle Theft	69	18	13	1
			Stolen Property Offenses	0	0	0	0

Dyersburg Police Department- NIBRS Agency Crime Overview-2018 Cont'd

Group A Offenses Continued	Offenses (*)		Arrests (**)	
	Reported	Cleared	Adult	Juvenile
Crimes Against Society				
Animal Cruelty	0	0	0	0
Drug/Narcotic Violations	247	216	175	7
Drug/Narcotic Equipment Violations	129	120	58	0
Gambling-Betting/Wagering	0	0	0	0
Gambling- Operating/Promoting	0	0	0	0
Gambling- Equipment Violations	0	0	0	0
Gambling- Equipment Violations	0	0	0	0
Gambling- Sports Tampering	0	0	0	0
Pornography/Obscene Material	3	1	0	2
Prostitution	0	0	0	0
Prostitution Assisting/ Promoting	0	0	0	0
Purchasing Prostitution	0	0	0	0
Weapon Law Violation	37	35	13	6
Total Group A Offenses	2,589	1,129	837	77

(*) Offenses are counted using the FBI Units of Count for Crime

(**) The 'Arrests' column shows arrest made for incidents during the selected period, regardless of arrest date. Arrest counts for the same period may change over time.

(***) It should be noted this report is valid as of April 26, 2019 and is subject to change

Thank You All for Your Support!

